



ProLight PBMM-200F6L-N01AE
200W Power LED
Technical Datasheet
Version: 1.6

ProLight Opto ProEngine Series

Features

- 6-COLOR LED SOURCE:
PC Amber + PC Green + Red + Green + Cyan + Blue
- Wider Color Gamut
- The CRI values are consistently above 97
from CCT 2500K to 8000
- High power density of lighting source
- Good color uniformity
- Compact light source
- RoHS compliant

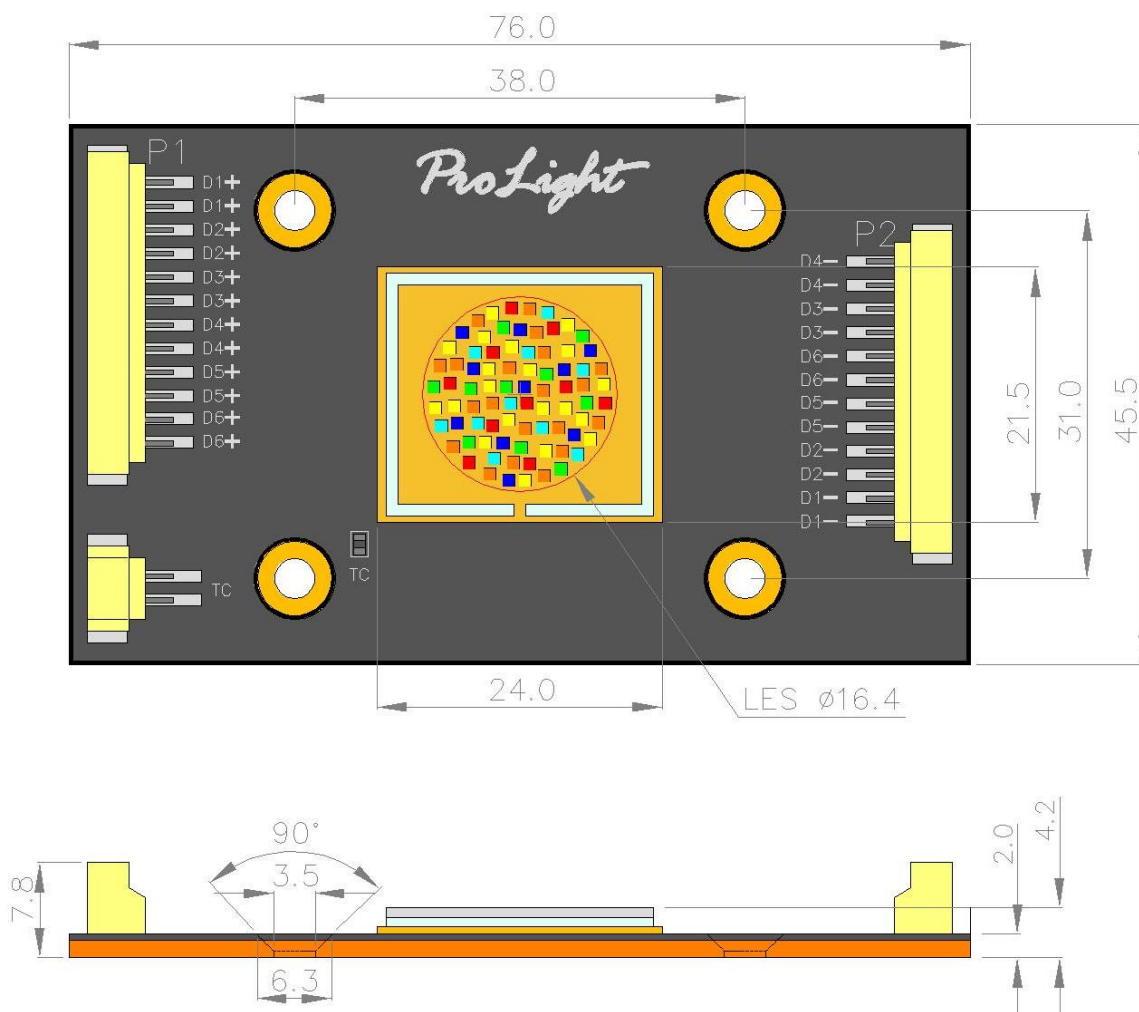
Main Applications

- Entertainment lighting (Stage lighting)
- Architectural lighting
- Mood lighting
- Outdoor lighting
- Indoor lighting

Introduction

- The input power is 200 Watt, the multi-chip ultra high power ProEngine Series delivers never before seen luminous flux output from a single emitter. The superficial illuminating nature of ProEngine makes them the preference in spot lighting, typical applications include architectural and entertainment lighting, medical lighting, transportation, emergency vehicle lighting and machine vision.

Mechanical Dimensions



Notes:

1. Drawing not to scale.
2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are ± 0.15 mm.
4. Please do not solder the emitter by manual hand soldering, otherwise it will damage the emitter.
5. **Please do not use a force of over 1kgf impact or pressure on the lens of the LED, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.**
6. NCP18XH103E03RB. Please see <http://www.murata.com/> for details on calculating thermistor temperature.
7. Selected JST Connector P/N. PHR-2 and PHR-12. Please see <http://www.jst-mfg.com/product/pdf/chn/cPH.pdf> for details.

*The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

Flux Characteristics, $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	Color	Part Number	Test Current	Luminous Flux Φ_v (lm)	
				Min.	Typ.
D1	PC Amber	PBMM-200F6L-N01AE	1600	2900	3300
D2	PC Green		1600	4400	5000
D3	Red		800	780	900
D4	Green		800	1700	2000
D5	Cyan		800	950	1100
D6	Blue		800	330	380

- **D1、D2 : Do not use below 100mA ; D3 - D6 : Do not use below 50mA**
- ProLight maintains a tolerance of $\pm 7\%$ on flux and power measurements.
- Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

Electrical Characteristics, $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	Color	Test Current	Min.	Forward Voltage V_F (V)	
				Typ.	Max.
D1	PC Amber	1600	28.0	30.5	34.0
D2	PC Green	1600	28.0	30.5	34.0
D3	Red	800	21.0	25.0	29.0
D4	Green	800	31.0	35.0	39.0
D5	Cyan	800	29.0	34.5	38.0
D6	Blue	800	28.0	30.5	34.0

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of $\pm 0.5\text{V}$ for Voltage measurements.

Optical Characteristics, $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Color	Test Current	Dominant Wavelength λ_D			Total included Angle (degrees)	Viewing Angle (degrees)
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	$\theta_{0.90V}$	$2\theta_{1/2}$
PC Amber	1600	588 nm	590 nm	592 nm	160	120
PC Green	1600	566 nm	568 nm	570 nm	160	120
Red	800	620 nm	623 nm	630 nm	160	120
Green	800	521 nm	525 nm	528 nm	160	120
Cyan	800	486 nm	489 nm	492 nm	160	120
Blue	800	451 nm	454 nm	456 nm	160	120

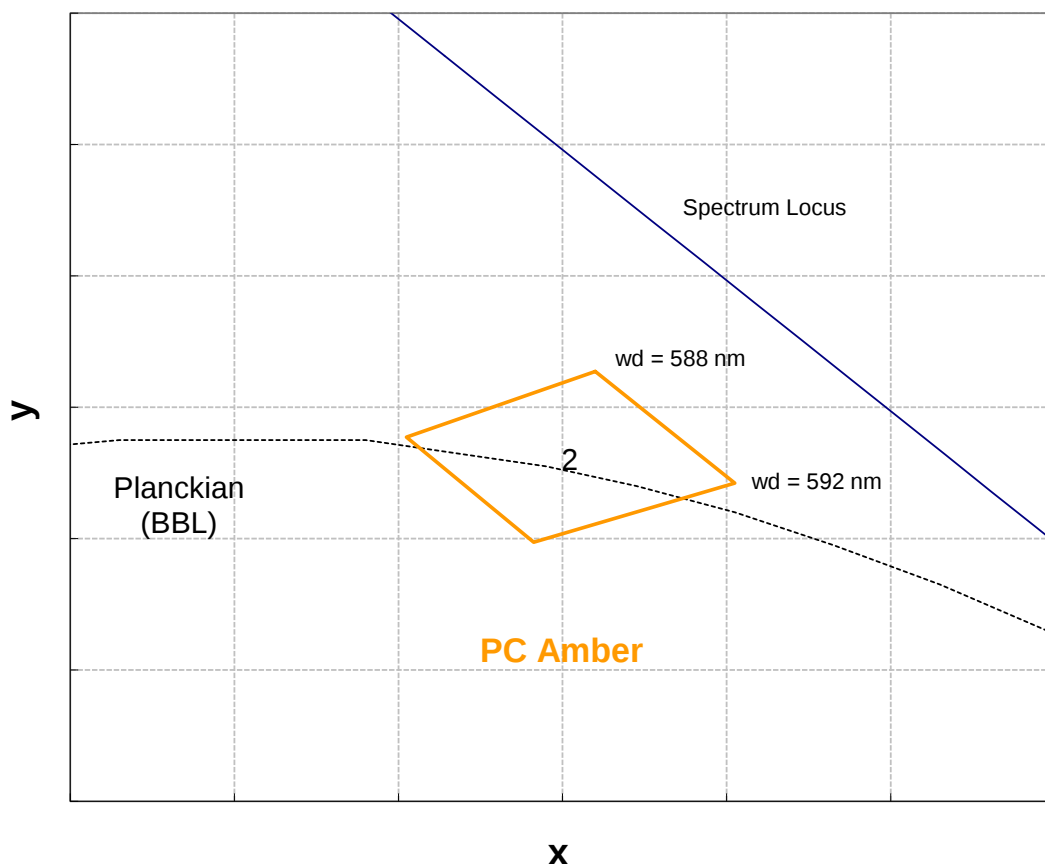
- ProLight maintains a tolerance of $\pm 1\text{nm}$ for dominant wavelength measurements.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	PC Amber	PC Green	Red	Green	Cyan	Blue
DC Forward Current (mA)	100-1600	100-1600	50-800	50-800	50-800	50-800
Peak Pulsed Forward Current (mA)	1800	1800	900	900	900	900
(less than 1/10 duty cycle@1KHz)						
ESD Sensitivity (HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7)			±2000V			
LED Junction Temperature			135°C			
Operating Board Temperature at Maximum DC Forward Current			-40°C - 80°C			
Storage Temperature			-40°C - 80°C			
Reverse Voltage			Not designed to be driven in reverse bias			

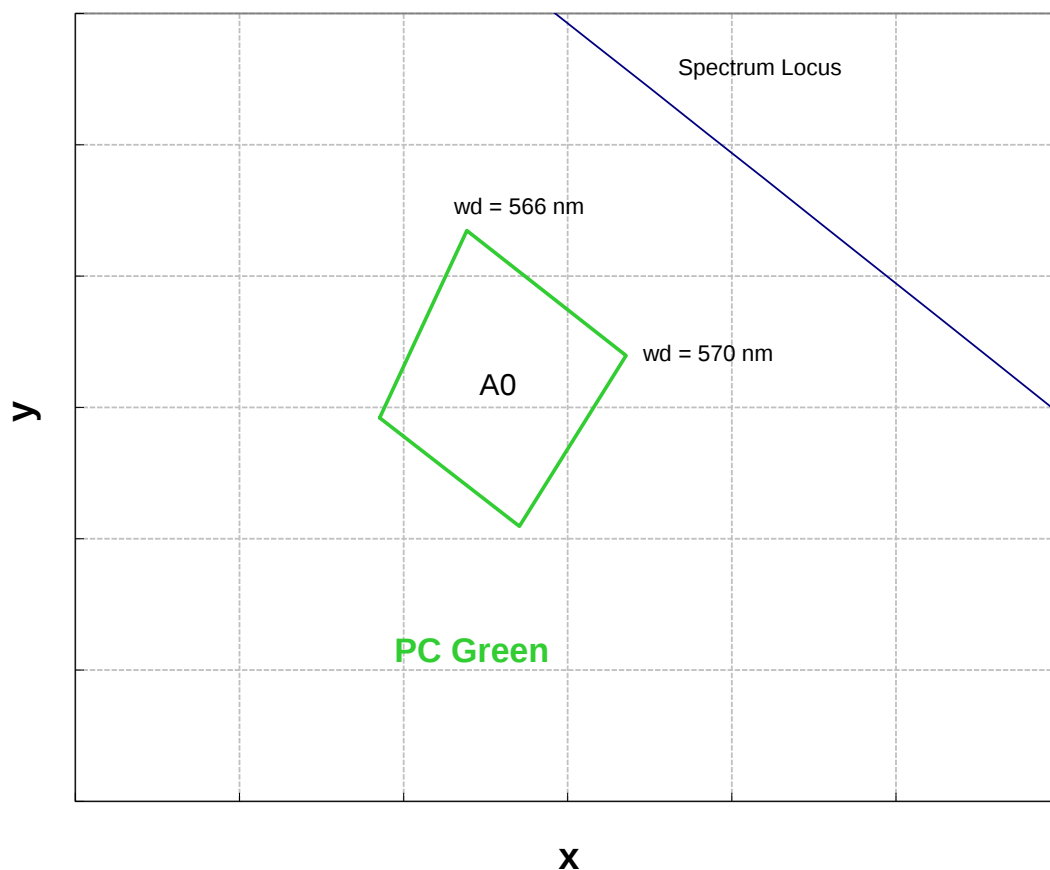
PC Amber Color Bin

PC Amber Binning Structure Graphical Representation



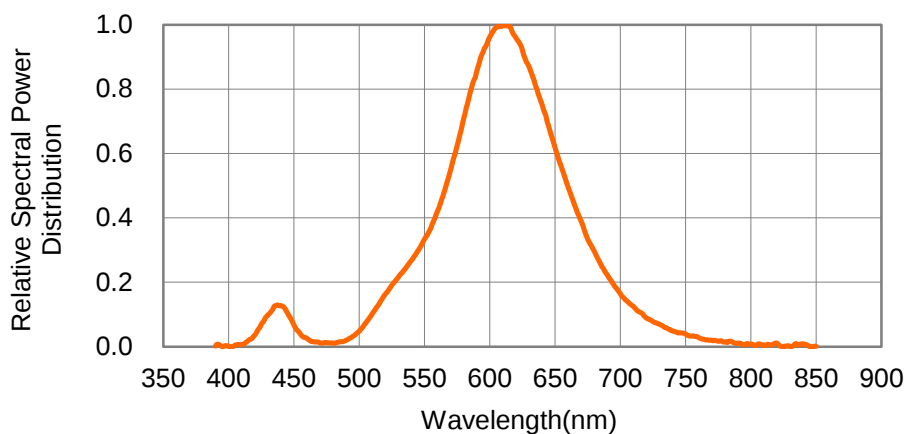
PC Green Color Bin

PC Green Binning Structure Graphical Representation

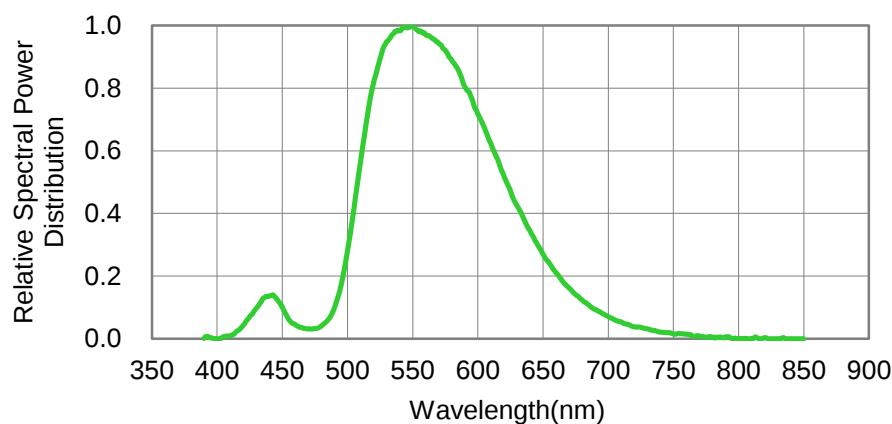


Color Spectrum, $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

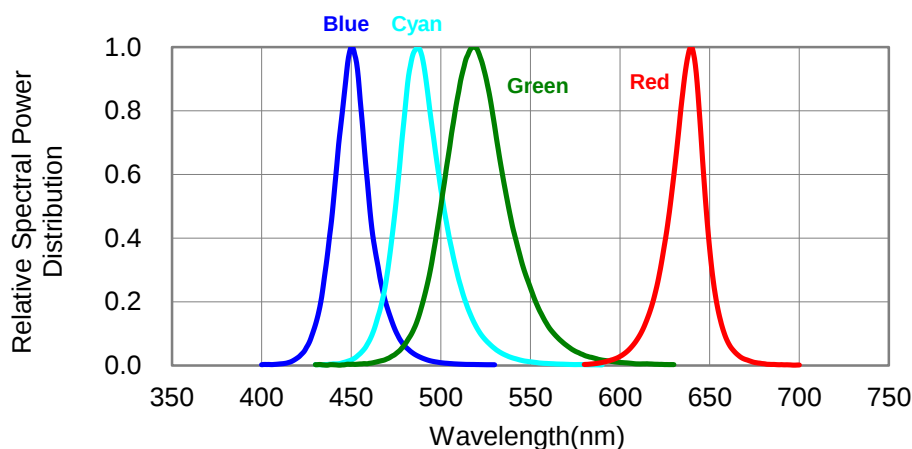
1. PC Amber



2. PC Green

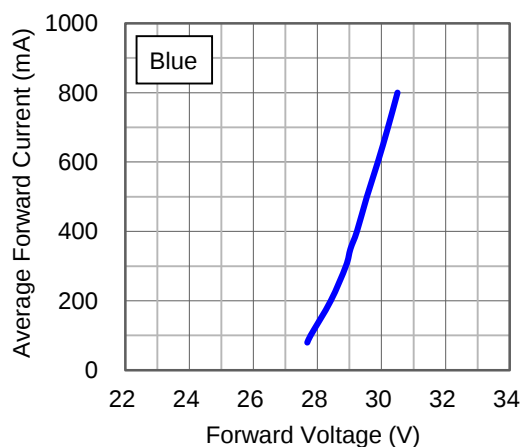
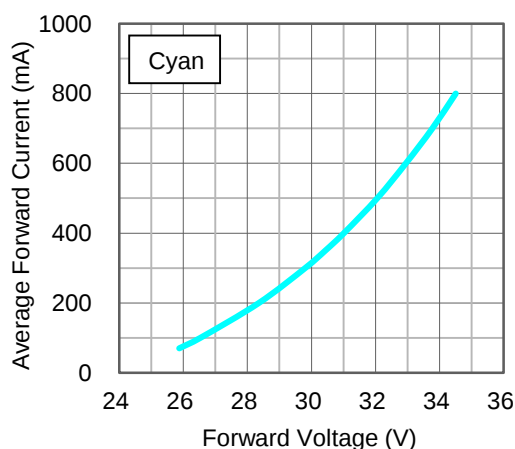
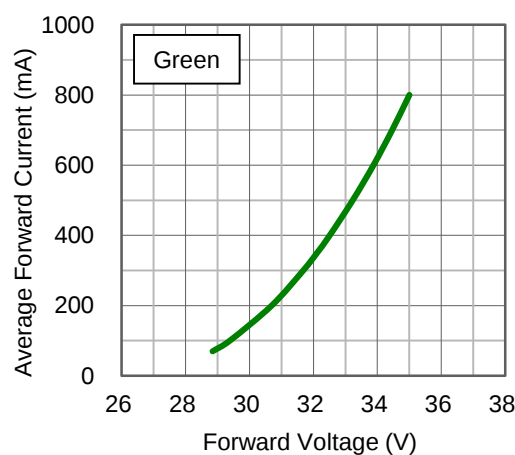
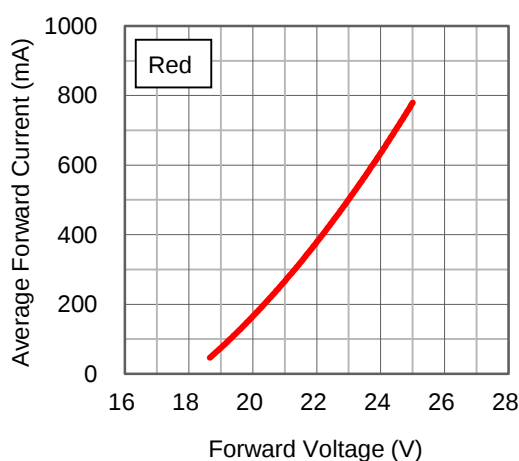
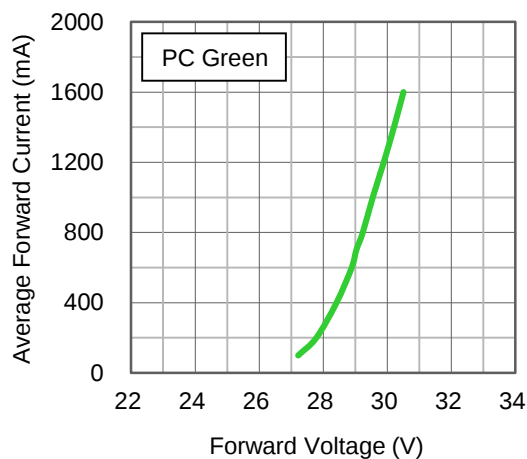
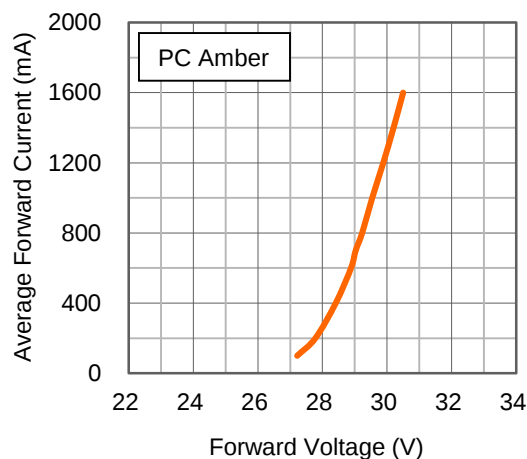


3. Blue 、Cyan 、Green 、Red



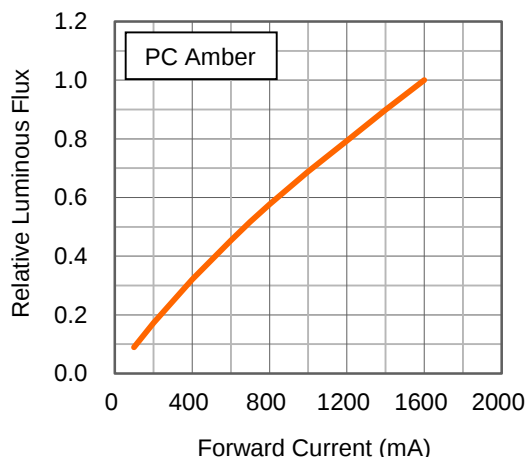
Forward Current Characteristics, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

1. Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

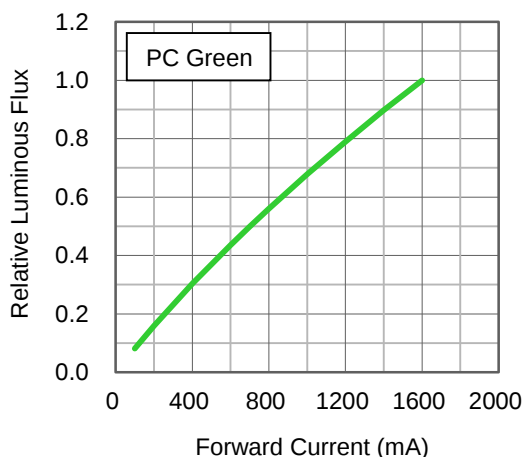


Forward Current Characteristics, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

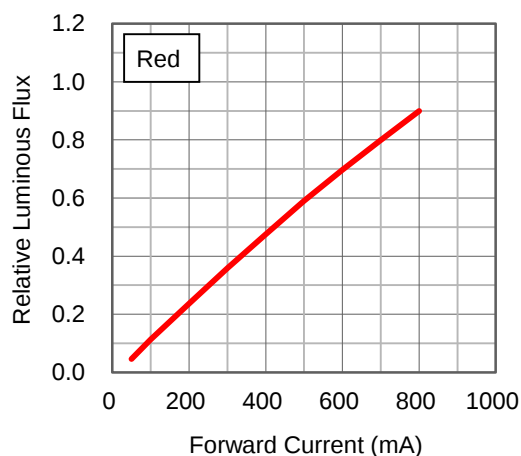
2. Forward Current vs. Normalized Relative Luminous Flux



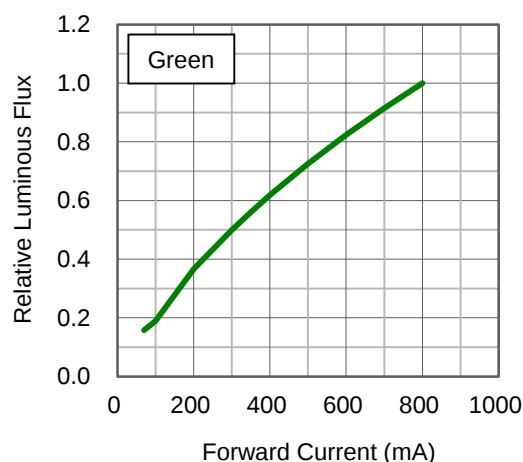
Do not use below 100mA.



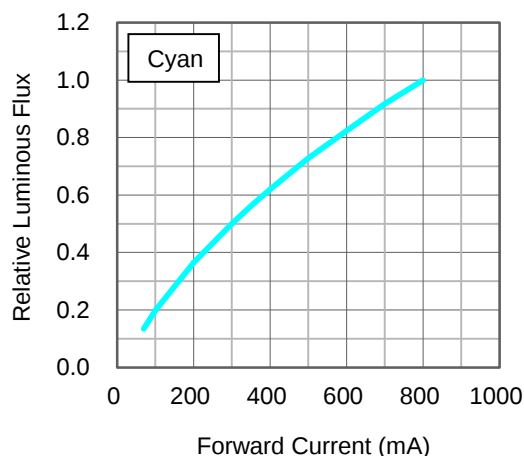
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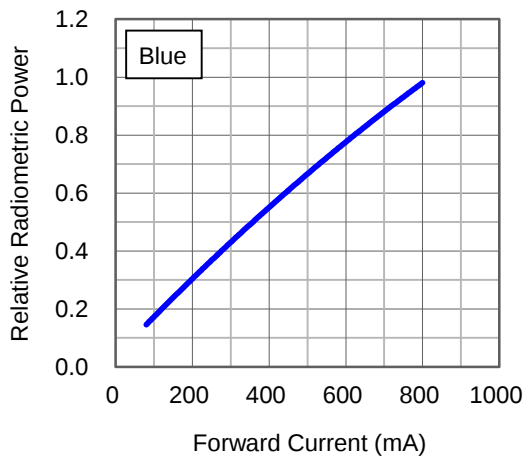
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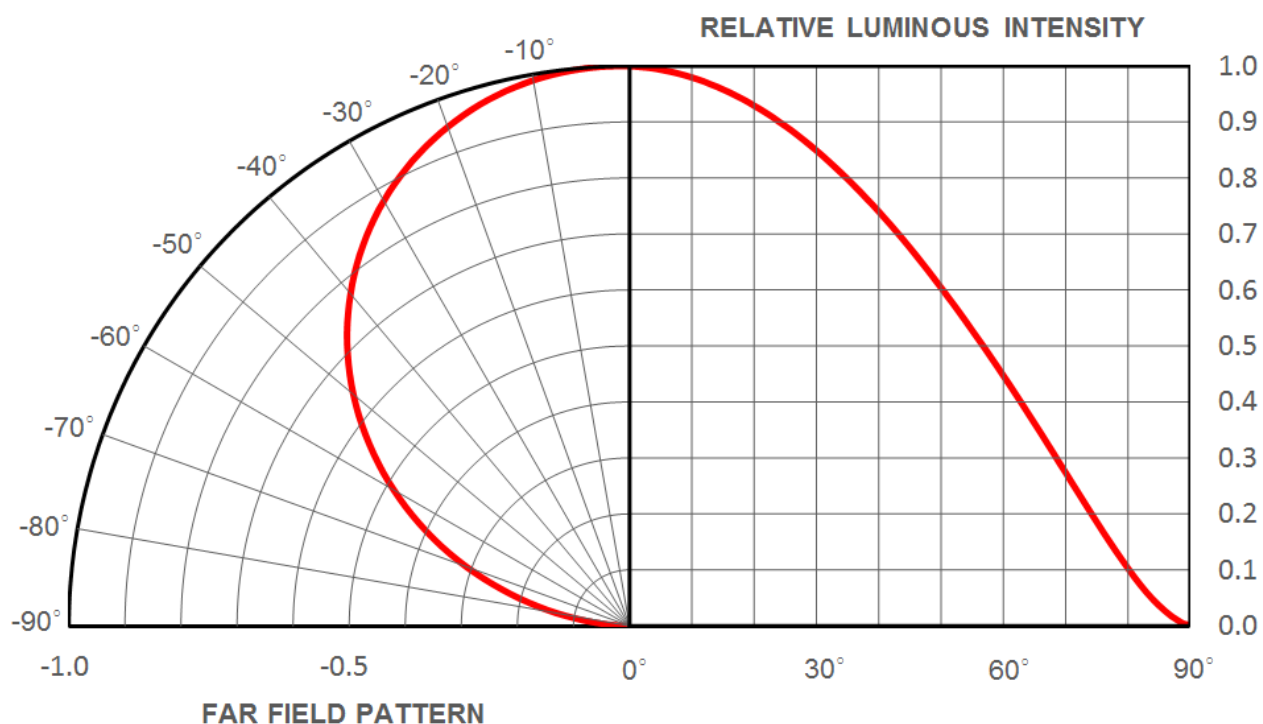


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Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern



Precaution for Use

- The modules light output are intense enough to cause injury to human eyes if viewed directly. Precautions must be taken to avoid looking directly at the modules with unprotected eyes.
- The modules are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Appropriate ESD protection measures must be taken when working with the modules. Non-compliance with ESD protection measures may lead to damage or destruction of the product.
- Chemical solvents or cleaning agents must not be used to clean the modules. Mechanical stress on the Emitters must be avoided. It is best to use a soft brush, damp cloth or low-pressure compressed air.
- The products should be stored away from direct light in dry location.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets.
<http://www.prolightopto.com/>

Handling of Glass Lens LEDs

Notes for handling of glass lens LEDs

- Please do not use a force of over 3kgf impact or pressure on the glass lens, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.
- The LEDs should only be picked up by making contact with the sides of the LED body.
- Avoid touching the glass lens especially by sharp tools such as Tweezers.
- Avoid leaving fingerprints on the glass lens.
- Please store the LEDs away from dusty areas or seal the product against dust.
- Please do not mold over the glass lens with another resin. (epoxy, urethane, etc)