

**ProLight PACK-57FVL-DC8NS**  
**57W COB Light-Engine LEDs**  
**Technical Datasheet**  
**Version: 1.1**

# ProLight Opto ® ProEngine Series

## Features

- High flux density of lighting source
- Good color uniformity
- RoHS compliant
- Energy Star binning structure, neutral white and warm white with 2 steps guarantee.
- More energy efficient than incandescent and most halogen lamps
- No UV
- Long lifetime
- 5 year warranty

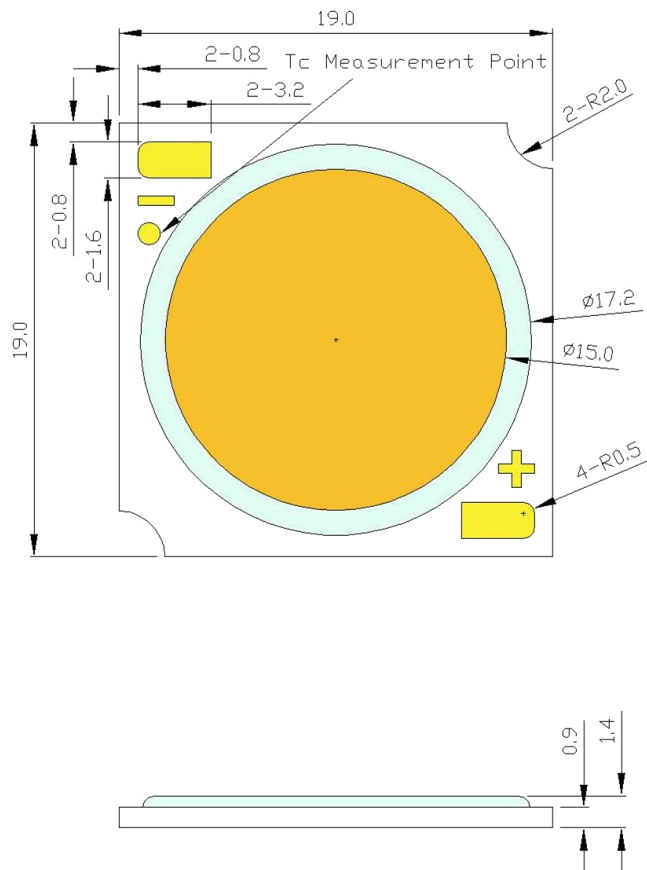
## Main Applications

- Par lighting
- Spot lighting
- Down lighting

## Introduction

·The input power is 57 Watt, the multi-chip ultra high power ProEngine Series delivers never before seen luminous flux output from a single emitter. The superficial illuminating nature of ProEngine makes them the preference in Par lighting, typical applications include commercial down lighting, LED bulb, accent lighting, ceiling lighting and spot lighting.

## Mechanical Dimensions



### Notes:

1. Slots in aluminum-core PCB for M3 mounting screw.
2. Solder pads are labeled "+" and "-" to denote positive and negative, respectively.
3. Drawing not to scale.
4. All dimensions are in millimeters.
5. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are  $\pm 0.30$ mm.
6. **Please do not use a force of over 0.3kgf impact or pressure on the lens of the LED, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.**

\*The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

## Flux Characteristics, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Radiation Pattern	Color	Part Number COB	DC Forward Current (mA)	Luminous Flux $\Phi_v$ (lm)	$\Phi_v$ (lm) Typ.	CRI Min.	R9 Min.
Lambertian	Warm White	PACK-57FVL-DC8NS	720* 1440	2600 4640	3160 5560	90	50

- The mark "\*" indicated product is tested and binned at the specified drive current.
- ProLight maintains a tolerance of  $\pm 7\%$  on flux and power measurements.
- ProLight maintains a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  on CRI measurements.
- Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

## Electrical Characteristics at 720mA, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Color	Forward Voltage $V_F$ (V)			Thermal Resistance Junction to Board ( $^\circ\text{C/W}$ )
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Warm White	33.7	36.0	38.3	0.53

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of  $\pm 1\text{V}$  for Voltage measurements.

## Optical Characteristics at 720mA, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Color	Bin Code	Color Temperature CCT			Total included Angle (degrees)	Viewing Angle (degrees)
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	$\theta_{0.90V}$	$2\theta_{1/2}$
Warm White	Q0	3370 K	3500 K	3540 K	160	120
	N0	2980 K	3000 K	3090 K	160	120

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$  for CCT measurements.

## Electro-Optical Characteristics, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$

$I_F$ (mA)	$V_F$ (V)	Power (W)	PACK-57FVL-DC8NS	
			Flux (lm)	lm/W
480	34.63	16.62	2360	142.0
720*	36.00	25.92	3160	121.9
960	37.23	35.74	3960	110.8
1200	38.42	46.10	4760	103.2
1440	39.53	56.92	5560	97.7

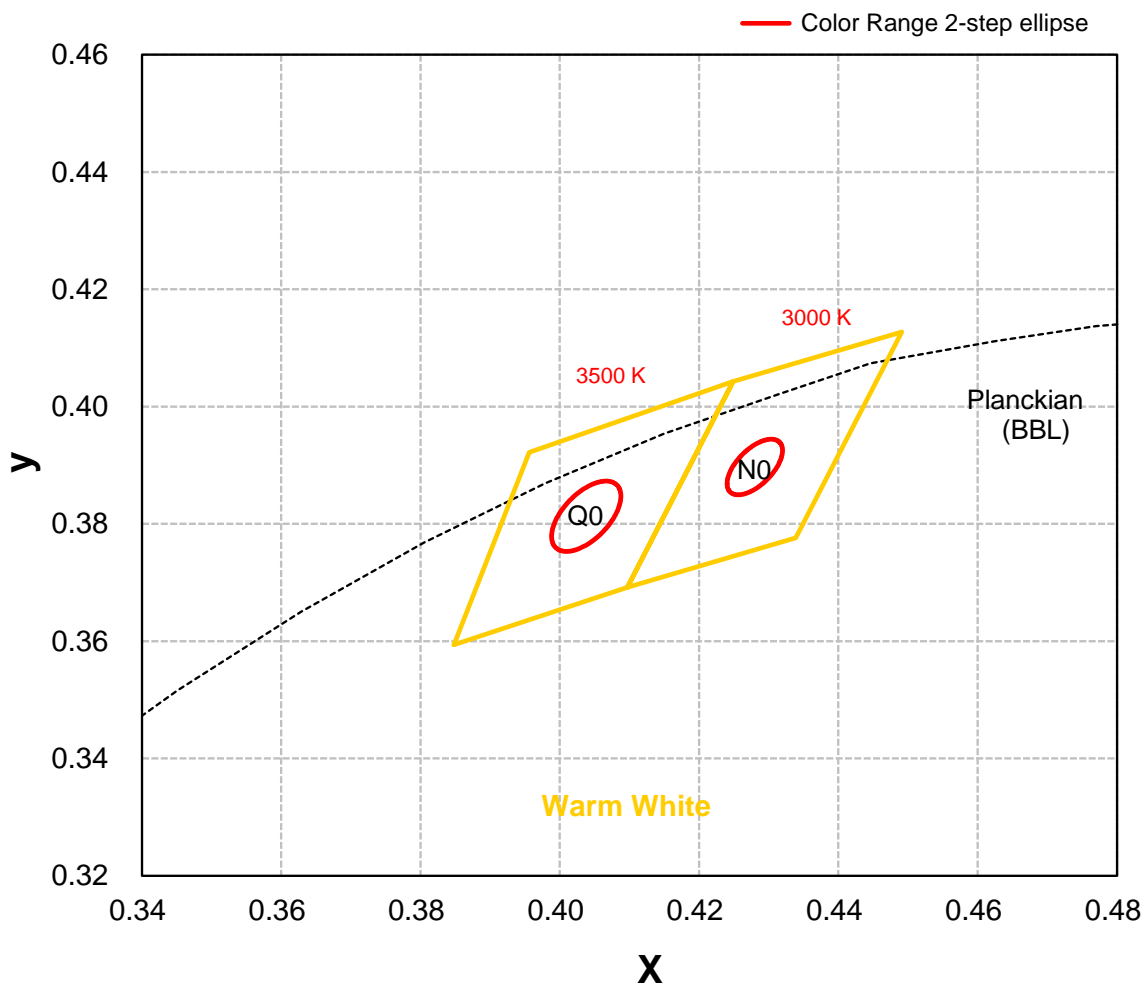
- All values are reference only.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Warm White
Max DC Forward Current (mA)	1440
Max Voltage at 1440mA	42
Peak Pulsed Forward Current (mA)	2160 (less than 1/10 duty cycle @ 1KHz)
ESD Sensitivity (HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7)	$\pm 2000\text{V}$
LED Junction Temperature	$120^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Board Temperature at Maximum DC Forward Current	$-40^\circ\text{C} - 90^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$-40^\circ\text{C} - 120^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	Not designed to be driven in reverse bias

## Color Bin

### Warm White Binning Structure Graphical Representation



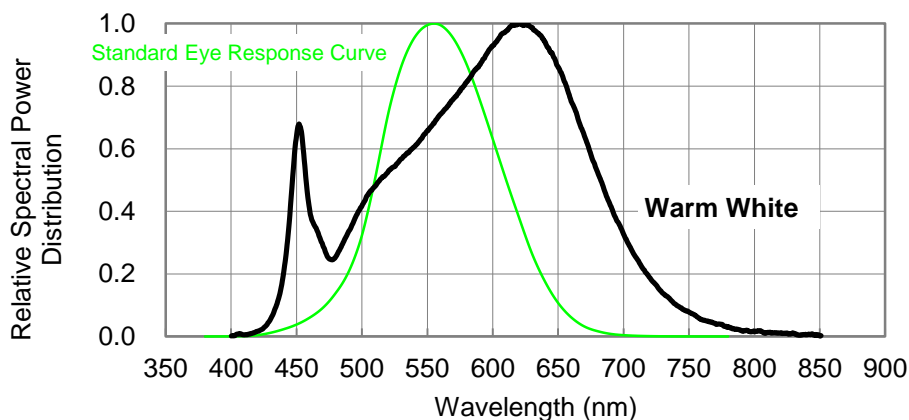
### Warm White Bin Structure

Bin Code	Center	Oval parameter	Typ. CCT (K)	Bin Code	Center	Oval parameter	Typ. CCT (K)
N0	x	a	3000	Q0	x	a	3500
	y	b			y	b	
		$\theta^\circ$				$\theta^\circ$	

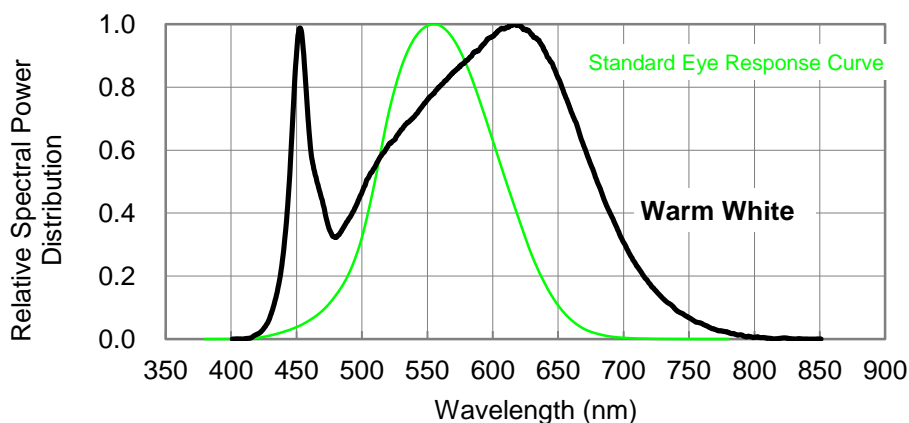
- Color range stay within MacAdam “2-step” ellipse from the chromaticity center.
- Tolerance on each color bin (x , y) is  $\pm 0.005$

## Color Spectrum, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$

### 1. Warm White For 3000 K



### 2. Warm White For 3500 K



## Case Temperature Relative Characteristics

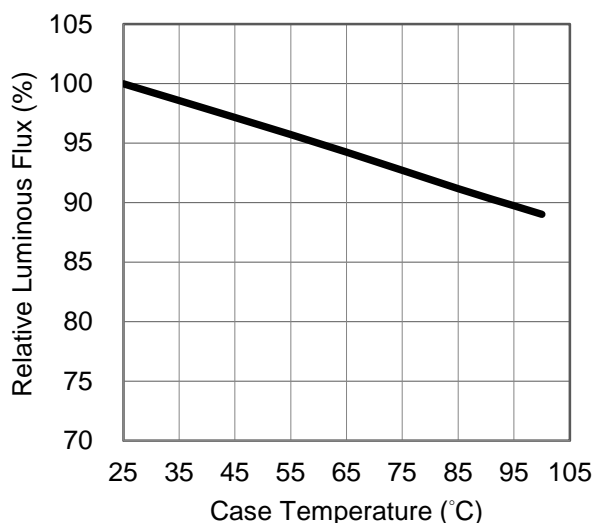


Fig 1. Case Temperature vs. Relative Luminous Flux at 720mA.

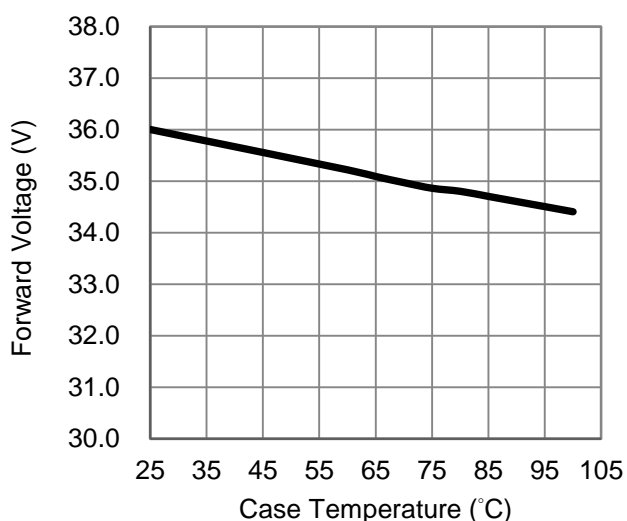


Fig 2. Case Temperature vs. Forward Voltage at 720mA.

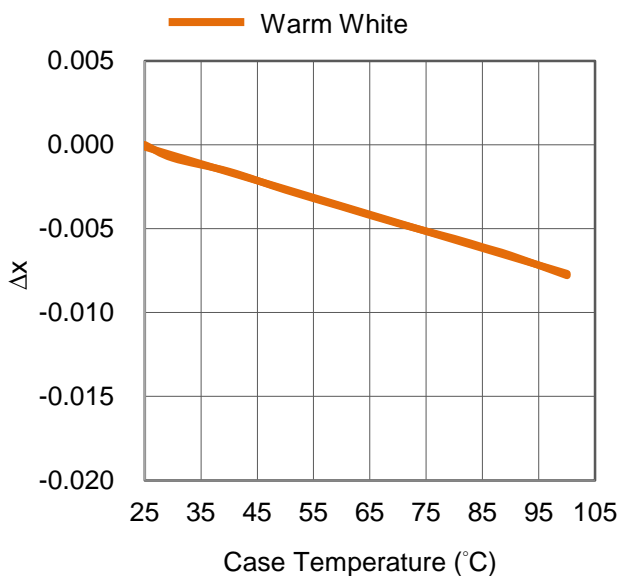


Fig 3. Case Temperature vs. Chromaticity Coordinate  $\Delta x$  at 720mA.

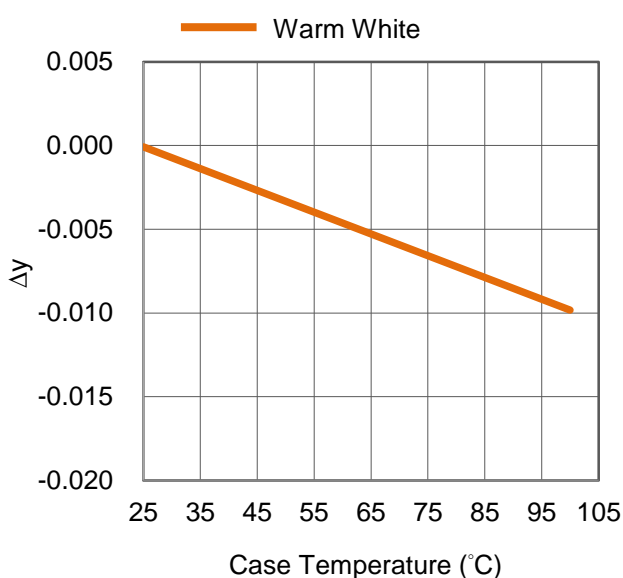


Fig 4. Case Temperature vs. Chromaticity Coordinate  $\Delta y$  at 720mA.

## Forward Current Relative Characteristics

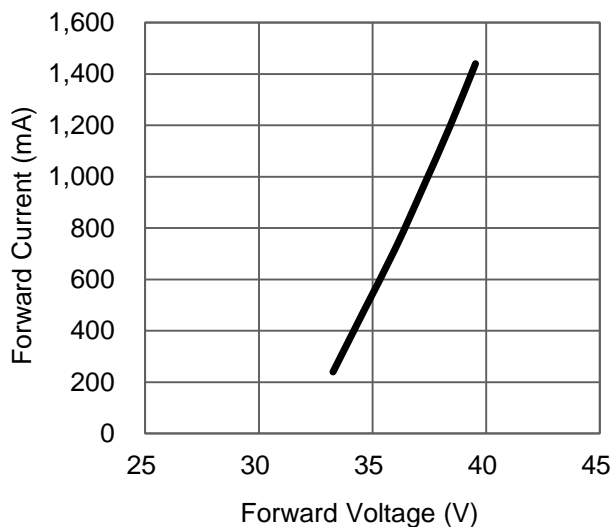


Fig 5. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage at  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

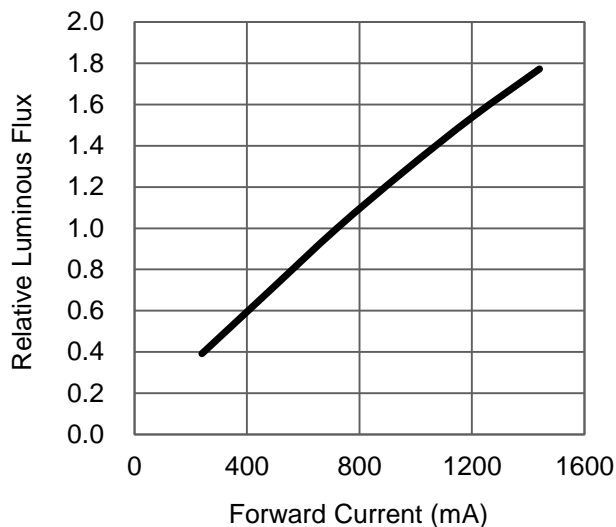


Fig 6. Forward Current vs. Relative Luminous Flux at  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

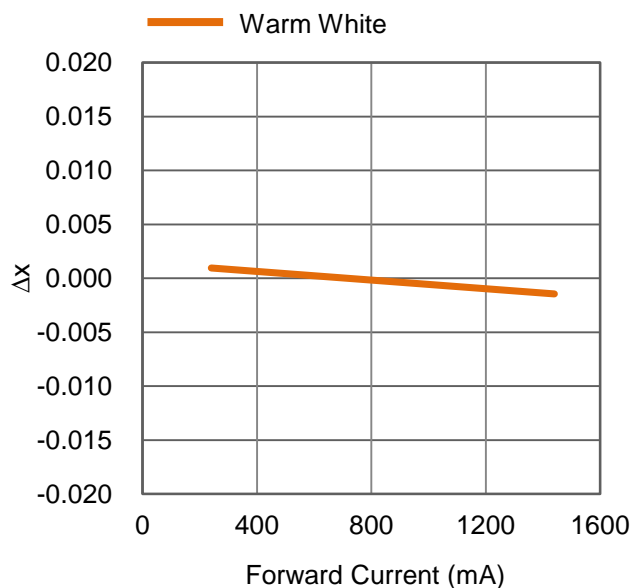


Fig 7. Forward Current vs. Chromaticity Coordinate  $\Delta x$  at  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

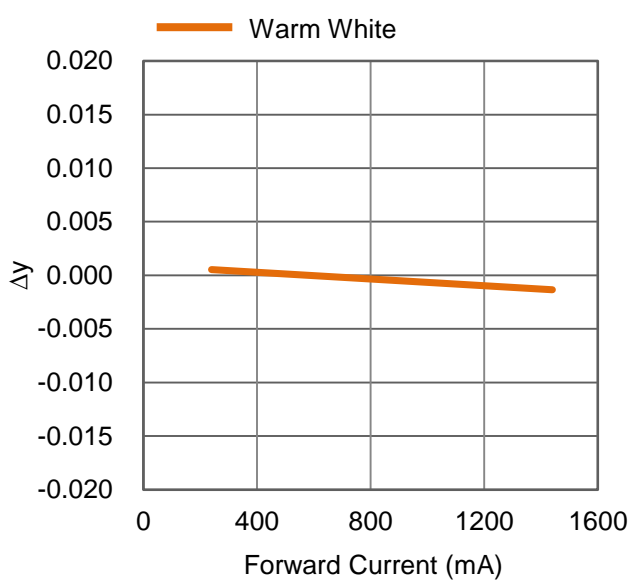


Fig 8. Forward Current vs. Chromaticity Coordinate  $\Delta y$  at  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ .



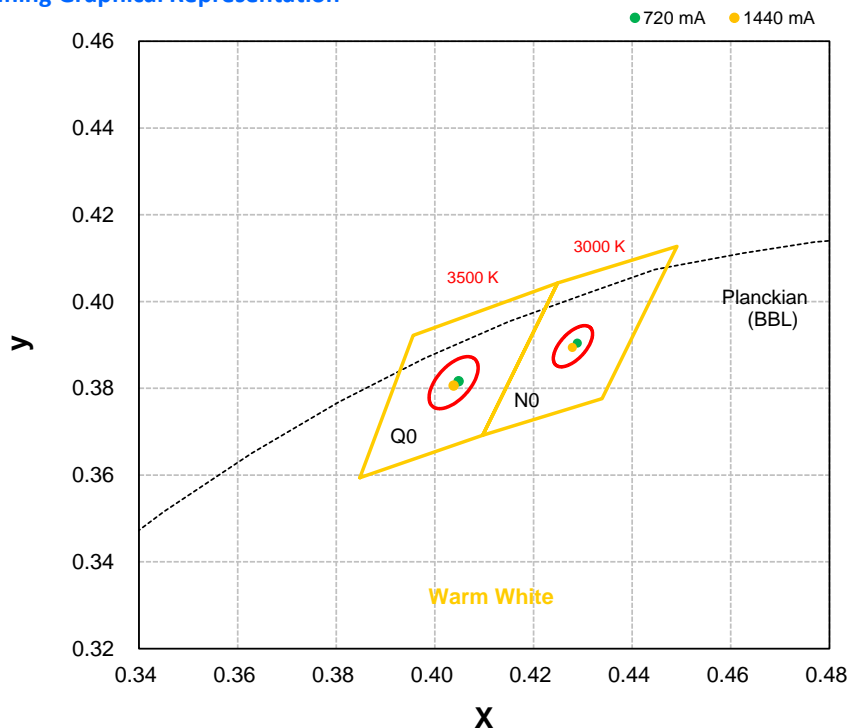
# Case Temperature vs. Junction Temperature Characteristics

T <sub>c</sub> (°C)	T <sub>j</sub> (°C)	
	720 (mA)	1440 (mA)
0	15	30
10	25	40
20	35	50
30	45	60
40	55	70
50	65	80
60	75	90
70	85	100
80	95	110
90	105	120

Fig 9. Case Temperature vs. Junction Temperature at 720 、1440mA.

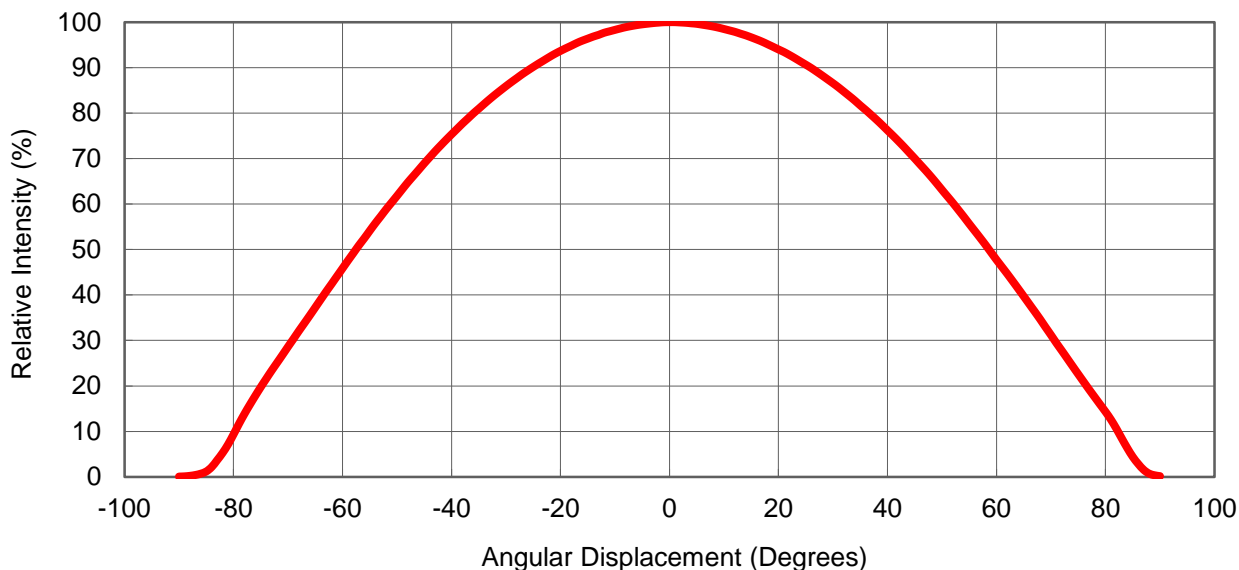
## Color Coordinate vs. Forward Current, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Warm White Binning Graphical Representation

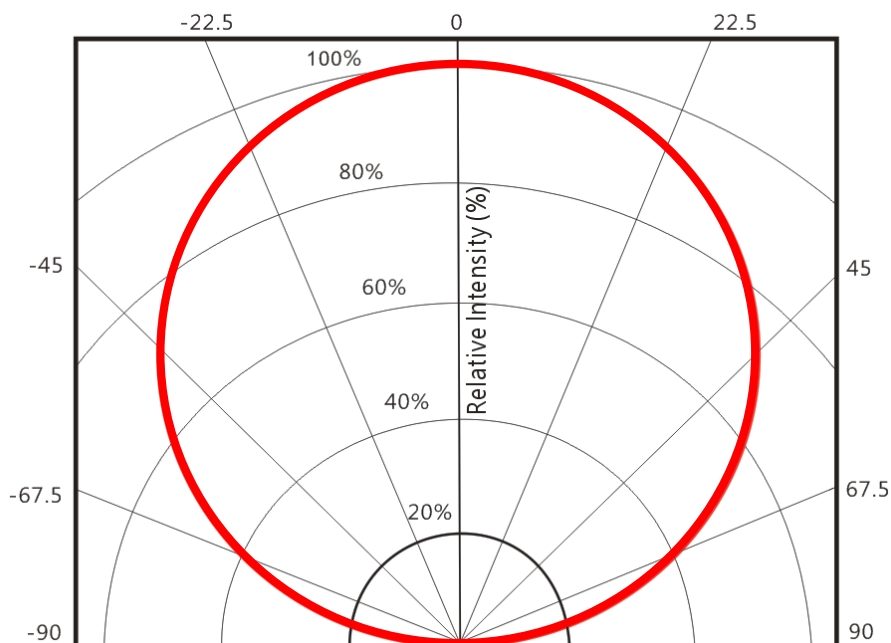


## Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern

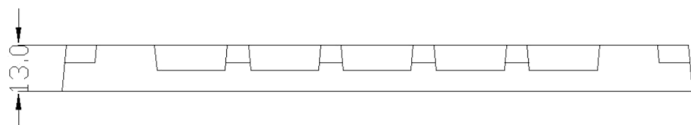
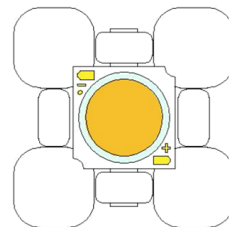
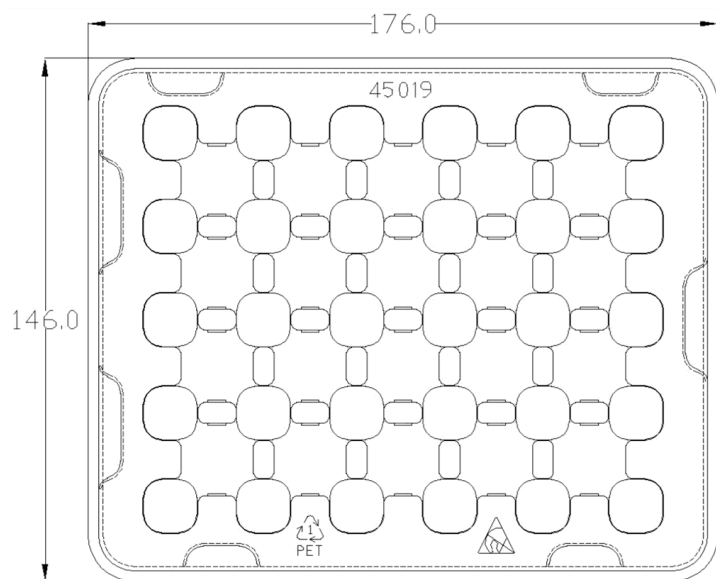
### Lambertian Radiation Pattern



### Polar Radiation Pattern



## Packing Specifications



Product 20 pcs/tray

### Notes:

1. Drawing not to scale.
2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are  $\pm 0.20\text{mm}$ .

## Assembly note

Regarding the high power density of LED Array, it is strongly recommend to use thermal grease and screws.

In order to reduce thermal resistance at assembly, it is necessary to use TIM (thermal interface Material) uniformly and tighten screws on heatsink, otherwise the bad thermal resistance may cause the packages **burned out**.

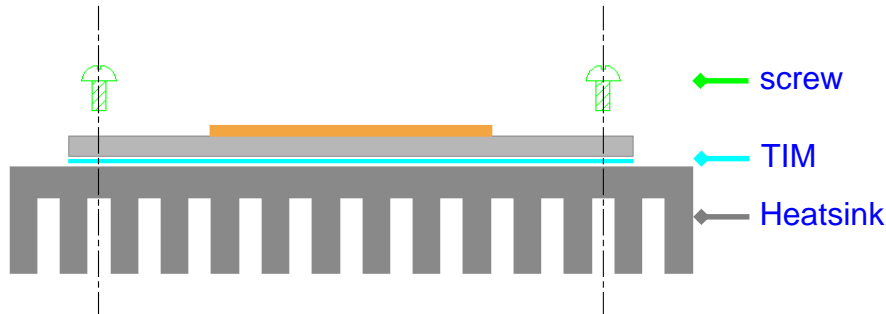


Fig 10. Reference assembly as fixing with screws

## Limited Warranty : COB Light Engine Series

This limited warranty is provided by ProLight Opto described below ("Seller") to you as the original purchaser of the LED lighting product that is identified on Seller's invoice reflecting its original purchase (the "Product"). We warrant the identification as such on the invoice, will be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) YEARS from the date of original purchase. This limited warranty excludes field labor and service charges related to the repair or replacement of the Product. Seller's aggregate liability with respect to a defective product shall in any event be limited to the monies paid to seller for that defective product. The determination of whether the Product is defective shall be made by Seller in its sole discretion with consideration given to the overall performance of the Product. This limited warranty cannot be transferred to subsequent purchasers of the Product, provided that such Product is resold in new condition and in its original packaging. This limited warranty is void if the product is not used for the purpose for which it is designed.

## Recommended Soldering Condition

- Please use lead free and “no clean ” solders.
- Soldering shall be implemented using a soldering tip at a temperature lower than 350 °C, and shall be finished within 3.5 seconds for each pad.
- During the soldering process, put the LEDs on materials whose conductivity is poor enough not to radiate heat of soldering.
- Properly solder tin wires before soldering them to LEDs.
- Avoid touching the silicone lens with the soldering iron.
- Please prevent flux from touching to the silicone lens.
- Please solder evenly on each pad.
- Contacts number of a soldering tip should be within twice for each pad.
- Next process of soldering should be carried out after the LEDs have return to ambient temperature.

\*ProLight cannot guarantee if usage exceeds these recommended conditions.

Please use it after sufficient verification is carried out on your own risk if absolutely necessary.

## Precaution for Use

- The modules light output are intense enough to cause injury to human eyes if viewed directly. Precautions must be taken to avoid looking directly at the modules with unprotected eyes.
- The modules are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Appropriate ESD protection measures must be taken when working with the modules. Non-compliance with ESD protection measures may lead to damage or destruction of the product.
- Chemical solvents or cleaning agents must not be used to clean the modules. Mechanical stress on the Emitters must be avoided. It is best to use a soft brush, damp cloth or low-pressure compressed air.
- The products should be stored away from direct light in dry location.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets.  
<http://www.prolightopto.com/>

## Handling of Silicone Lens LEDs

Notes for handling of silicone lens LEDs

- Please do not use a force of over 0.3kgf impact or pressure on the silicone lens, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.
- Avoid touching the silicone lens and the optical area of the COB Array especially by sharp tools such as Tweezers
- Avoid touching the silicone lens especially by sharp tools such as Tweezers.
- Avoid leaving fingerprints on the silicone lens.
- Please store the LEDs away from dusty areas or seal the product against dust.
- Please do not mold over the silicone lens with another resin. (epoxy, urethane, etc)

